

## IMPORTANT NOTICE!

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES PROCLAIMS  
FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1918

as

### National War Savings Day

MEETINGS WILL BE HELD IN EVERY COMMUNITY TO  
SECURE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Pursuant to the proclamation of the President of the United States and the Governor of this State, I, War Savings Director for Rockcastle county acting under the authority of the United States Treasury Department, have called all tax-payers and wage-earners to meet on Friday, June 28th to give their subscriptions for War Savings Stamps. Meetings will be held in the school houses at 2 p. m.

The school officers in most places will conduct the meeting in each school house, keeping a record of the proceedings and reporting the names of all persons present and the amount of War Savings Stamps subscribed for by them. The names of absent persons, and of those who refuse or neglect to subscribe with their reasons for so doing, will also be reported.

War Savings Stamps (which are United States Government Bonds the same as Liberty Bonds) can be paid for during any month in the year 1918, but it is intended that subscriptions will be signed for them on June 28.

The price of each War Savings Stamp depends upon the month during which it is bought. During June each Stamp will cost \$4.17. In July each Stamp will cost \$4.18, and so on, one cent more each month during 1918. On January 1, 1923, the Government of the United States will redeem all War Savings Stamps at \$5.00 each, no matter during which month in 1918 they were bought. They cost less during the early months in 1918 than during the later months because the person who buys earlier has loaned his money to the Government for a longer time than if he buys later. By way of illustration note the following table:

#### COST OF WAR SAVINGS STAMPS DURING JUNE, JULY AND AUGUST, 1918

Cost in June	Cost in July	Cost in August	And are Worth on Jan. 1, 1923
1 Stamp .... \$ 4.17	\$ 4.18	\$ 4.19	\$ 5.00
20 Stamps .... 83.40	83.60	83.00	100.00
50 Stamps .... 208.40	209.00	209.50	250.00
100 Stamps .... 417.00	418.00	419.00	500.00
200 Stamps .... 834.00	836.00	838.00	1,000.00

The law provides that no person can hold in his own name War Savings Stamps exceeding \$1,000 maturity value. War Savings Stamps, however, may be purchased for other members of the family, including minor children.

The money invested in War Savings Stamps is not a gift, or a donation, but is a loan to the Government. It will be paid back with a 4 per cent compound interest. If, because of some serious financial reverses, or calamity, it should be necessary to get your money before January 1, 1923 you may do so by giving ten days' notice to any Money Order postmaster, in which case you can get what you paid for the Stamps, with interest to date of payment. The Stamps are free from all State and local taxes; when registered at the post office they are insured against loss; they are backed by all the property in the United States; they cannot fall in value below the price you pay; they are as convenient and as well paying an investment as has ever been offered by our Government.

A definite quota of War Savings Stamps has been assigned each school district and community, which will be announced at each meeting on June 28th. The Government of the United States expects all the citizens of every school district and county to subscribe for its quota and to pledge themselves to save and economize to help win the war.

It is to be hoped that the subscriptions taken at the meetings in your district will show you and your neighbors to be loyal Americans to whom our Government, in this hour of need, does not call in vain.

W. H. FISH

Rockcastle County War Savings Director appointed and acting under the authority of the Secretary of the United States Treasury.

## E. R. Gentry Writes Long and Interesting Letter From Somewhere In France

Somewhere in France,  
Editor, Mt. Vernon Signal,  
Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Dear Edgar:

When I went down to supper tonight, I found waiting me a copy of the Signal. It had been a blue rainy Sunday and I never realized how much that little old scrap of paper from HOME could mean to a fellow. I could hardly finish supper before reading it. It was the issue of April 5th. I somehow missed the March 29th issue. After supper I hurried to my room and for nearly an hour I again lived and felt the thoughts with the people of dear old Rockcastle. So completely absorbed were I that when I finished I could hardly realize that instead

I visited many points of interest in and around Paris the last few days I spent there and having successfully dodged the bombs and long range shells for ten days, I left on April 19th being assigned to the division of which my present location is the Y. M. C. A. Headquarters. I spent one night here and on the 20th was sent out to a camp eighteen miles away where I spent ten days in the loveliest country imaginable. For miles and miles the same beautiful fields and splendid roads that I have seen since entering France, dotted here and there with little villages with typical French stone houses and red tiled roofs for it is remembered that in France people do not live on farms but all live in these little villages and go out to their farms. Americans have one difficulty with these villages when they reach them and that is telling which are really the houses and

them to do it, and there was no one who wanted to refuse to do anything that the Commander in Chief thought would help the fight here. The money invested in these canteens, however, is not the money given by the people. The leaders were unwilling to use that, because nothing of the kind was in the minds of the people who gave it, so Five Million Dollars was borrowed at a very low rate of interest and personally secured by some rich men in New York, for the purpose of carrying on this business. Everything is sold to the boys as nearly at cost as can be done without

losing money, many things far below what they can be bought in the states for and of course some things higher. All profit accruing from the business goes into a fund to help soldiers right up at the front. A detail of three soldiers were permanently located at our building to help with the work, supposedly to look after the building but out there we all worked on the same basis. Everybody did what there was to do and when it came to sweeping, we all swept and if I were to tell you how much dirt we swept off that floor every morning, the censor would probably

cut it out as being information of military importance. In many places soldiers cannot be spared and the secretaries take care of everything. If the boys thought they appreciated the Y. at home you ought to hear them over here. Oh, occasionally you hear one complain, and the complaint is justified, perhaps, because you cannot always get the right men for secretaries and if the secretary is grouchy, or a crank, or "Sissy", the boys don't like it but they are learning where to put the blame and do not blame the Y. but they will

(Continued on 2nd page)



## Signal

# CLEAN UP PAINT UP AND KEEP IT UP

A "Clean-up" without a "Paint-up" is useless and absurd, not only because houses that are unpainted eyesores appear uglier and more conspicuous after a "clean-up", but because the painted surface inside and outside can be kept clean, sanitary and germ proof.

PAINT--Paint your walls, floors and ceiling. It's cheaper to be kept well

We have made house-painting a study and can help you to just what you want, whatever the requirements, large or small.

**W.F. BAKER**  
THE BLUE FRONT STORE, RIGHT OPPOSITE  
THE COURT HOUSE



## Your Wife

She is proud of you and your achievements.  
She wants you to be prosperous and successful—and to look that way.  
She will be the first to notice whether or not your clothes are "up-to-snuff."

We can help you keep your appearance what she would have it.

## Sutton & McBee

Leading Clothiers  
for Men and Boys

Mt. Vernon : Kentucky

THE CLOTHCRAFT STORE IN THIS TOWN

## Mt. Vernon Signal

FRIDAY, June 14, 1918

Published every Friday by  
EDGAR S. ALBRIGHT.

Subscription One Year \$1.00

Advertising rates made known on  
application

MEMBER OF  
KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION



### E. R. GENTRY

(Continued from 1st page.)

make it so hot for the secretary that he gets a moving order and he ought to have one. You would be surprised at how many secretaries are sent home. But there is almost unanimous praise for the work. I saw a captain, a man of about 45, walk into the Y. here in town the other day. He walked right up to the Y. woman behind the counter, a woman much older than he was and said. "You certainly do look good to me. I have been right in the trenches for six weeks and I haven't seen an 'honest to goodness' American woman in six months". I looked up and there were tears in that big strong fellow's eyes as he began to talk of the great work that the Y. M. C. A. was doing among the soldiers. Then we all gathered round and he talked about his wife and children and home. So when you hear anyone from this side saying anything against the Y. M. C. A., you may know that it is an isolated case. Of course there are huts and tents and dugouts right up to front line trenches and many of them are not nearly so well equipped as the one I have mentioned and some of them with practically nothing to work with but they are doing the best they can. I would tell you that I was not assigned as close to the front as I wanted, but most of you would not believe it, because you cannot really understand how it is over here. Whether you believe it or not, everybody over here is scrambling for the front, Y. M. C. A., men as well as soldiers. Men who enlisted in the quartermaster's corps and other non-combatant organizations are now trying every way in the world to get transferred to active service, so they can get up front. Something just gets into your blood over here. I saw a fellow here yesterday who was just recovering from a dangerous shrapnel wound in the neck and he was just crazy to get able to rejoin his company at the front. Men have told me that they have seen fellows who were held back, possibly sick or for some other reason, cry like children, when their company marched off to the front. Who would not have thought this of peace loving American citizens a few years ago? I must tell you something of the work in the larger cities. I have been in two or three besides Paris in which the Y. has rented hotels and furnished the boys' rooms and meals at a reasonable rate with waiters who can at least talk enough English to serve you a meal in good old American style. In Paris they have at least four or five such hotels, besides in all the large ports of entry and other cities where troops are passing thru or stationed. You cannot imagine how much even this means to a man in a foreign country. The larger cities and especially Paris we have a man whose business it is to organize sightseeing parties for soldiers in the cities and around for amounts just sufficient to look after transportation. The man who does this work in Paris is an expert at it and a soldier party in Paris learns more about the things of interest there in one day than the average tourist used to do in a week. Is not this a wonderful work and where would those boys likely drift in the great wicked city of Paris were it not for these parties and hotels and wholesome entertainments furnished by the Y. M. C. A. And the boys never forget it. I was walking down the streets with one of the workers today and a great big

husky American soldier started from the other side of the street, ran up to the party I was with and said " Didn't I see you in last November", naming one of the large ports of entry. The Y. worker said you might, I was there. The fellow said " Oh yes, I'd never forget you. You gave us a cup of hot chocolate and an apple, as we got off the transport". I thought of the Scripture about the cup of cold water. It is remarkable the people you meet over here and how you meet them. The next day after I went to camp, a big tall youngster was introduced to me by the name of Hurt. Said he heard I was from Kentucky, that I might know his father, Judge Hurt of the Court of Appeals. One day while in Paris, two soldiers were eating across the table. One a very small fellow, looked just like a boy. I got to talking to them and after a while the larger one who was from New York told me that the other was "Kid Rickards" the Chicago motor racer. The day before I left Paris I went down to the Y. M. C. A. to get my railroad ticket and moving orders. The girl who gave them to me asked me if I would bring little package to a lady here. I assured her that I would be glad to do so. She handed it to me and I nearly fell down the stairway. It was addressed to Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox. I took care to deliver the package in person and had a half hour conversation with her. I have seen her several times since. She gave me a copy of one of her poems.

On April 30th the Division Secretary sent for me to come in to headquarters. He took me back into his office and told me he had a very delicate proposition to handle and ask me if I would be willing to take charge of a Y. M. C. A. Tent for colored troops. I told him I came over here to do anything there was to do. He said he knew that but insisted on knowing how I really felt about it and when I assured him that I was perfectly willing to do it, the matter was settled.

When I talked further, I found that the tent I was to take charge of was still out in the headquarters warehouse and had to be put up at the camp some miles away, so one other Y. man and I started out to get it up. We tried to get a detail of soldiers to help but none were available. We tried to hire French help but failed, so we just went after it ourselves and after four days of stake driving, rope pulling and ditch digging, we have it about up and will open the first of the week. The tent will be pretty well equipped; having a canteen, moving pictures, phonograph and piano and so on. I am really figuring on having a great time, as soon as I get use to the aeroplanes. Since my Paris experience, it makes me a little shaky to see one and they pass over this camp continually to and from the front. You have queer feelings when those fellows sail away towards the battle line and you wonder how many of them are coming back. Sometimes they are observation planes and again war planes, carrying bombs and machine guns. You always wish them success as they go and are always glad to see them as they come back usually flying low, like a bird after a long, tiresome journey. Yesterday I saw a strange one coming. I made sure it was a Boche and fixed to run, but a little French boy managed to tell me that it was an Italian plane.

I must tell of my experience today and then I will close this long letter. I went over to the American hospital near here to preaching services this morning. After the service I decided to go in and see some of the boys. While in the ward where six or eight soldiers who had broken limbs were and talking to them, I noticed a right young boy. He did not look more than sixteen, but I afterwards learned he was eighteen. I went over and began talking to him. I ask him where he was from, what outfit he belonged to and incidentally who his Captain was. His eyes brightened up and an expression of pride came over his face as he said "Captain Roosevelt and Major" and then I learned his story as only an enthusiastic youngster could tell it. About forty or fifty of his

company in one of the fights were surrounded by an intense barrage fire, separating them from the rest of the company and cutting all communication. Being largely outnumbered they were fighting against desperate odds, but would not retreat without orders to do so. Captain Roosevelt realized that if they did not fall back they would be completely annihilated. He refused to send any of his men with the order, but after arranging for five or six to follow him in succession in case he failed, started to the little bunch to give the order himself. He only went a short distance until he went down with a broken arm and leg and this boy was the first to follow him. He was struck by a piece of flying shrapnel and knocked unconscious and his arm broken, his steel helmet saving his life, and he fell near the Captain. The men continued to come and it was either the fifth or sixth man who managed to reach the little group and give the order how to move and saved them. In the mean time, Captain Roosevelt had managed, although his arm and leg was broken, to get this boy into a dug out or place of safety of some kind, until first aid could reach them, but absolutely refused any assistance to himself until all the other men who followed him were looked after. There was no need for me to ask that boy what the company thought of their Captain. I have been hearing since coming over that the Roosevelts are a "chip off the old block" and this begins to look like it. I hope the censor lets this story as it strikes me as typical of the spirit with which our men are fighting over here as is further testified to by the long list of men who have been decorated for bravery by the French Government. If we can just get that same spirit of sacrifice for the cause at home the boys in the trenches will do their part.

There are so many things I would love to tell, were it permissible. You no doubt saw the account of the gun which fired the first shot, being returned to America. It passed through our camp. I would love to tell you of the great hospital train I had a chance to go through and about the camouflage plant. Most people have an ample supply of camouflage on hand, but I do not think the censor will mind me telling you that the U. S. Government has to manufacture some, because their home supply is not available and I am afraid would be an inferior quality besides.

This is an awful long letter and you may have to make a continued story out of it, but I promise not to write again for a month or two any way. I wish everybody who knows the address, that is, the regiment and company of a Rockcastle boy in France would send it to me at 12 Rue D'Aguesseau, Paris, France. This is my correct address, no matter what I have said in the past, and I want to see whether I have a chance to get in touch with them.

I am as ever,  
E. R. GENTRY.

## \$4. to \$8. per Day

YOU CAN MAKE Above WAGES

DAILY

## Loading MACHINE MINED Coal

EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY

Seam six and a half feet high.  
All clean. Good roof — no  
wet places. Good boarding  
house, reasonable rates.

Have a few houses available for men with families.

Apply at once, in person, phone or write to

## WALLINS CREEK COLLIERIES COMPANY

Wallins Creek, - Kentucky

R. B. WINKLER, Gen. Supt.

# Special For CASH

## Beginning Monday, June 17

We sell for Cash only at our Grocery Store

### Special Prices For Week

Bacon Butts	20c and 22c lb.
Sugar	8½c and 9c lb.
Lard	25c and 30c lb.
Brown Beauty Coffee, Steel Cut,	25c lb.
Breakfast Delight Coffee, Steel Cut,	30c lb.
Pilgrim Coffee, 10 lb. bags,	\$1.40
Beans, 12½c lb.	Brooms, 4 tie 65c
Matches, 2 boxes	9c

One O'Cedar Mop and Bottle Polish  
Given Away Monday

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR PRODUCE

# J. P. E. Drummond

### CATARRHAL DEAFNESS

CANNOT BE CURED  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circumstances free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

TO PREVENT BELCHING.  
Make a regular habit of eating slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, and you may have no further trouble. If you should, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper.



## Keep Faith With Your Boy "Over There"

When your boy was so little that all the world was a foreign country to him, he trusted you to take care of him.

You sent that boy to school and to play and on your little errands, and with implicit faith he did your bidding.

Now we have sent your boy or your neighbor's boy out into a foreign land, into terrors that we cannot even know--and his faith has not faltered. He knows we will do our part, and we know he will do his.

Are we keeping the faith? Are we scrimping and saving and giving to help our boys do the thing that humanity has asked of them, and to help them come back to us sane and whole?

June 28th  
National War Savings Day

Saving to help our sons is not to be called by the ugly name of duty or sacrifice. It is love's blessed privilege.

National War Savings Committee

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by

FIRST STATE BANK  
LIVINGSTON, KY.

### NATIONAL DEFENSE

It is the duty of the Council of National Defense to see that each person acts fair with the Government, does nothing detrimental to our army or war activities, helps the Food and Fuel Administrators, helps the Local Board and the Federal and State Courts to enforce to the letter the laws that keeps the morale of the country up to the highest standard. If there are

any in the draft age who have failed to register they must be dealt with according to law. Deserters must be brought to justice. Idleness must be investigated and stopped, and all discontinued.

Help must be procured to harvest the crop of wheat, oats and grass. Every farm must be made to produce its maximum crop, considering size, fertility, and available labor. These crops must be harvested and saved; no waste can be tolerated. This is all unpleasant work; it is work

that under normal conditions would be very unpopular, but with the necessity so great, and stringent laws to back it up, it will be carried out regardless of who it might displease, or who it might work a hardship on. So it is now time for the people to adjust themselves to the conditions, and do their best for the Cause of Liberty.

LAME BACK RELIEVED.  
For a lame back apply Chamberlain's Liniment twice a day and massage the muscles of the back over the seat of pain thoroughly at each application.

## Mt. Vernon Signal

MT. VERNON KY, June 14, 1918

79 up "No. 79" when  
we want to communicate with SIGNAL



LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. CO.

TIME TABLE.

22 north ..... 6:57 p m  
24 north ..... 8:47 a m  
23 south ..... 11:55 a m  
21 south ..... 12:13 a m

JAS. LANDRUM, Agent.  
Phone No. 8.

Entered at the Mt. Vernon, Ky. Post Office  
as second-class mail matter.

### PERSONAL

Jamie Thompson is in France.  
Miss Maggie Jones is at home  
from Jellico.

W. H. Fish was in Lexington  
Wednesday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baker were  
in Livingston between trains  
Sunday.

Dr. R. H. Lewis and W. H.  
Jones were over from Wildie  
yesterday.

Miss Maude Stokes, who has a  
position in Jellico, is with her  
parents here.

C. H. White arrived last night  
for a two weeks stay with his  
wife and daughter.

Prof. T. J. Ball returned yester-  
day from Lexington and will  
be here a few days.

Mrs. David Cottongim, of May-  
wood, was here Wednesday be-  
tween trains shopping.

Mrs. Sarah Baker is visiting  
homefolks at Livingston and will  
attend the D. A. R. Lodge.

Mrs. W. T. Francis and grand-  
daughter, Miss Edith Oats are  
visiting relatives at Monticello.

Miss Hazel Myers, of Winches-  
ter, has been the guest of Miss  
Risse Williams since last Friday.

Mr. Pendergrass, of Louisville  
and Oklahoma, was the visitor of  
Miss Risse Williams for the  
week.

Miss Ruth Landrum is visiting  
in Richmond and Miss Julia  
Landrum is visiting in Laurel  
this week.

Dr. and Mrs. James Pennington  
drove over from Ford Saturday  
to spend the night with Mt. Ver-  
non relatives.

Dr. and Mrs. M. L. Myers are  
expected to arrive tomorrow to  
be the guests of Atty. and Mrs.  
C. C. Williams.

Mrs. Sarah Maret, of the Wil-  
die section, has been visiting her  
daughter, Mrs. Henry Catron,  
near Crab Orchard.

Miss Susie Forbes has returned  
to her home in Madison county  
after a pleasant visit with her  
sister, Mrs. Alice Davis.

H. C. Gentry received a letter  
this week from his son Clay, who  
is just out of the hospital from a  
severe operation for appendicitis.  
He is doing nicely.

Jimmy Griffin and Willie Hiatt,  
two of Rockcastle most patriotic  
young sons, went to Louisville  
Wednesday and enlisted in the  
Navy. They both passed and  
will report for duty about the  
25th.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Wood and  
son Alfred, of Wildie, Mr. and  
Mrs. J. C. Wood, of Conway, and  
Mr. Estridge, the Conway mer-  
chant, his son and wife and J. A.  
Wood, composed a party for Som-  
erset Sunday.

Mt. Vernon has four more  
legal lights added to the list  
this week, in the persons of T. J.  
Niceley, Judge Cam Mullins, S. F.  
Bowman and V. C. Tate, who  
were granted law license at Lon-  
don Monday.

A. G. Crider, the Hiatt mer-  
chant and wife, are two of our  
most attractive war supporters,  
and wherever you find any kind  
of a war meeting, no matter  
what it is, you most always find  
Mr. and Mrs. Crider and doing  
their part.

### LOCAL

### SPECIALIST

Dr. Morgan, specialist on dis-  
eases of the eye, ear, nose and  
throat will be at the Rockcastle  
Hotel June 14th to June 22nd.  
Those needing treatment for any  
of the above named organs or  
any wanting correctly fitted  
glasses can see him at the hotel.

Special prices for cash at  
Drummond's grocery store.

Let Fish's do your developing  
and printing and it will be done  
well.

R. G. Webb and H. F. Nicely,  
merchants at Livingston begin  
selling for cash only, June 15th.

The Shinday School at Buckeye  
has been revived and is regular  
now every Sunday morning at  
10 o'clock.

Corporal B. H. Parsons who  
has been stationed at Camp Tay-  
lor for some months has been  
honorably discharged on account  
of physical disability. He has  
been making good and is dis-  
satisfied at not being able to  
over there and now down some  
Huns.

Tomorrow, Saturday, June 15,  
at 8 a. m. is the day and hour  
set for cleaning off the Hiatt  
graveyard. It is hoped that all  
those interested will be there  
on time and get thru in time to  
come to the court house at 1 p.  
m. to the War Savings Meeting.

County Chairman of War Sav-  
ings has just been notified that the  
speaker for the War Savings  
meeting tomorrow at the Court  
House will be Prof. C. A. Keith.  
He comes well recommended and  
will have some important things  
to say tomorrow.

Come to the Court House to  
morrow at 1 p. m. to the War  
Savings Meeting. This will be  
the beginning of the speaking  
campaign and every man, woman  
and child in Rockcastle County  
that can possibly come should  
be here on time. State Director,  
James B. Brown, has prom-  
ised us an able speaker whose  
name has not been given us.

### REMEMBRANCE

In loving remembrance of my  
wife, Mollie Maret, who died  
October 15th, 1916, and my son,  
Lloyd N. Maret, who was called  
June 7th, 1917:

"From the voiceless lips of the  
unrelying dead comes no word,  
but in the night of death, Hope,  
the sheet anchor of the soul, sees  
a star, and listening love can hear  
the rustling of a wing."

JAMES MARET.

Mrs. Richard Malcolm Mullins  
was the charming hostess of a  
delightful week-end house party,  
June 6th to 10th, given at the  
home of her parents, Mr. and  
Mrs. John V. McKenzie about  
one mile east of Mt. Vernon.

The guests were as follows:  
Misses Sydney Alverson Craw-  
ford, Ruth Anne Landrum, Chris-  
tine Stilton Davis, Virginia  
Francis Crawford, Tevis Ray Be-  
thum, Messrs. Richard Farmer  
Cox, Ralph Walen Griffin, Homer  
Green Proctor, Oliver Hiatt  
Crawford, John Ragan Albright,  
Allen Marion Smith.

### MCFLAND MEMORIAL CHURCH.

Instead of meeting regular  
preaching engagements at Lon-  
don and Richmond, next Sat-  
urday and Sunday, the pastor  
will remain here and will preach  
Sunday morning at 11 o'clock and  
in the evening at 8:30.

Sabbath School—9:45—10:45  
A. M.

Junior Christian Endeavor—  
7:45—8:15 P. M.

The pastor has secured use of  
Domestic Science Cottage on  
Langdon grounds, and anticipates  
arrival of wife and daughter in  
few days.

On account of this change of  
dates there will be no preaching  
service in this church on Sunday  
June 23, but Sunday School on  
Junior C. E. will meet as usual  
and will report for duty about the  
25th.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Wood and  
son Alfred, of Wildie, Mr. and  
Mrs. J. C. Wood, of Conway, and  
Mr. Estridge, the Conway mer-  
chant, his son and wife and J. A.  
Wood, composed a party for Som-  
erset Sunday.

Mt. Vernon has four more  
legal lights added to the list  
this week, in the persons of T. J.  
Niceley, Judge Cam Mullins, S. F.  
Bowman and V. C. Tate, who  
were granted law license at Lon-  
don Monday.

A. G. Crider, the Hiatt mer-  
chant and wife, are two of our  
most attractive war supporters,  
and wherever you find any kind  
of a war meeting, no matter  
what it is, you most always find  
Mr. and Mrs. Crider and doing  
their part.

### LOCAL

### SPECIALIST

Dr. Morgan, specialist on dis-  
eases of the eye, ear, nose and  
throat will be at the Rockcastle  
Hotel June 14th to June 22nd.  
Those needing treatment for any  
of the above named organs or  
any wanting correctly fitted  
glasses can see him at the hotel.

The Brodhead Fair Association  
is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of some peti-  
tions requesting the managers  
not to put on a fair this year  
on account of the war. We per-  
suade these petitions were circu-  
lated without the knowledge of  
the intention of the fair directors.  
We contemplate putting the fair  
on a strictly patriotic basis. The  
company proposes to give War  
Savings Stamps as premiums and  
are considering the proposition  
of donating all the proceeds

to the Red Cross. The Brodhead  
Fair Association is just in receipt of

# Come Across or The Kaiser Will

WE MUST back up our military forces now or suffer much of what Europe has suffered. We don't want the Kaiser and his Potsdam gang over here.

The Government needs money to carry on the war.

By purchasing War Savings Stamps you are lending, not giving, your money. You are lending your money where it will hit "Kultur" the hardest.

See your postmaster or banker and sign a W. S. S. Pledge Card. Don't wait until—

## June 28th National War Savings Day

Invest now. Sign a card—a War Savings Pledge Card—to save some money every month and invest in War Savings Stamps.



National War Savings Committee

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by

**R. & E. B. COX**  
DRY GOODS



## Every Family a Fighting Family!

The day of talking patriotism has passed--the time has come to practice it.

Your government has officially set

**Friday, June 28th**

## National War Savings Day

On June 28th every American is asked to enlist in the great "army that stays at home." On that day every loyal American will "sign the pledge" to invest a definite amount in War Savings Stamps each month during 1918. Every American family will then be a fighting family.

**W. S. S. Cost \$4.17 in June  
Worth \$5.00 Jan. 1, 1923**



National War Savings Committee

This Space Patriotically Contributed by

**C. C. COX**  
THE HARDWARE MAN

**Dr. M.K. Pennington  
DENTIST**  
WILL BE AT  
**B R O D H E A D**  
Monday, June 24  
FOR ONE WEEK

Office with Dr. Carter  
All Work Guaranteed

### THE DOCTOR AWAY FROM HOME WHEN MOST NEEDED.

People are often very much disappointed to find that their family physician is away from home when they most need his services. Diseases like pain in the stomach and bowels, colic and diarrhoea require prompt treatment, and have in many instances proven fatal before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. The right way is to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. No physician can prescribe a better medicine for these diseases. By having it in the house you escape much pain and suffering and all risk. Buy it now; it may save life.

House and Lot for sale on West Main Street.  
MR. AND MRS. JAMES McCALL

**Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA**

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.  
ROCKCASTLE CIRCUIT COURT.  
Missouri Ramsey, Admr., of S. B. Ramsey, dec'd., Plaintiff, vs. W. C. Kirby, Defendant.  
AND: NOTICE OF COMMISSIONER'S SALE  
Bank of Mt. Vernon, Plaintiff, vs. Missouri Ramsey, Admr., &c., Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Rockcastle Circuit Court, rendered at the May Term, 1918, thereof, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will on MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1918, between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p.m. at the front door of the court house in Mt. Vernon, Ky., proceed to expose to public sale, to the highest and best bidder, the following described property; or as much thereof as is necessary to produce the sums of \$72.15, \$229.00, \$49.00 and 18.11, with interest from May 11, 1918, also \$72.31 with 6 per cent. interest from Aug. 10, 1916 and \$78.50 with like interest from the 4th day of Sept., 1916, until paid, subject to a credit of \$8.00 paid Oct. 2, 1916, and the cost of this action: One house and lot located in Mt. Vernon, Rockcastle County, Ky., and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake in a line between S. B. Ramsey and J. W. Parsons; thence with the Mt. Vernon-Crab Orchard public road, 200 ft.; thence south 300 ft. to a line of R. B. Mullins; thence east 208 ft. to a line of J. W. Parsons; thence with Parsons' line to place of beginning.

Sale to be made on a credit of 6 months; purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the force and effect of a judgment bearing legal interest from date of sale, with a lien reserved on said property until all the purchase money is paid.

G. S. Griffin,  
Master Commissioner,  
Rockcastle Circuit Court.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.  
ROCKCASTLE CIRCUIT COURT.

J. H. Lambert, &c., Plaintiffs,  
vs.: NOTICE OF COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

John Owens, &c.,

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Rockcastle Circuit Court, rendered at the May Term, 1918, thereof, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will on MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1918, between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p.m. at the front door of the court house in Mt. Vernon, Ky., proceed to expose to public sale, to the highest and best bidder, the following described property:

A tract of land located in Rockcastle County, Kentucky, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a pine, chestnut oak, pointers on top of a ridge; thence with fence at Scroggins' line westward to the corner of a wire fence, at a white oak southward with said wire fence to first branch to a stake; thence eastward to a white oak at the end of a wire fence, new corner in Lydia A. Owens' survey; thence northeasterly with new division line between said Lydia A. Owens and John Owens to the beginning, containing by estimate 50 acres, more or less.

Sale to be made on a credit of 6 months; purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the force and effect of a judgment, bearing legal interest from date of sale, with a lien reserved on said land until all the purchase money is paid.

G. S. Griffin,  
Master Commissioner,  
Rockcastle Circuit Court.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.  
ROCKCASTLE CIRCUIT COURT.

I. L. Martin, &c., Plaintiffs,  
vs.: NOTICE OF COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Preston Martin, &c., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Rockcastle Circuit Court, rendered at the May Term, 1918, thereof, in the above styled cause, the undersigned will on MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1918, between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p.m. at the front door of the court house

**Food will Win the WAR**  
◆ DON'T WASTE IT ◆ RAISE IT ◆  
Be a Producer As Well as Consumer

RAISE LIVE STOCK and POULTRY and GRAIN and VEGETABLES  
MAKE MONEY AND DEPOSIT WITH

## PEOPLES BANK

SAVE A PART OF ALL you earn. ◆ Money in the pocket burns. ◆ Put it in the Peoples Bank. ◆ Open up a checking account with us. ◆ Your cancelled checks returned will show where your money has gone, and they will spur you on to save for the better things of life.

WE PAY INTEREST ON SAVING ACCOUNTS  
PEOPLES BANK ◆ MT. VERNON, KY.

## IF AT ANY TIME YOU SHOULD NEED A WAGON, MOWER

## RAKE, CORN or WHEAT DRILL

## Disc Harrow, Plow, Cane Mill, Saw

## Mill, Corn Mill, Pump, Thresher,

Engine, Oil or Steam; Buggy, Truck, Binder, Silo

or Cutter, Manure Spreader, Lime Spreader, Hay

Bailer, Fertilizer, Pipeless Furnace; Hack, Tractor,

I will guarantee delivery within one day. Keep

them in stock and can furnish you with repairs at

once for anything I sell you.

CALL ME AT LONDON, KY., OR SEE

E. S. ALBRIGHT at Mt. Vernon Ky.

## T. C. MOREN

Dealer in Buggies, Wagons, Mills and  
All Kinds of Farm Implements.  
LONDON, KY.

and 4 o'clock p.m. at the front door of the court house in Mt. Vernon, Ky., proceed to expose to public sale, to the highest and best bidder, the following described land.

Three tracts situated in Rockcastle County, Ky., on Dick's River, near Hiatt, and bounded as follows:

Tract 1. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; thence S 53 1/2 E 22 poles to a small hickory and with chestnut and sourwood pointers; thence S 59 E 76 poles to county road to corner of I. M. Todd's, J. F. Sims and J. J. Martin, with chestnut oak pointer; thence with J. J. Martin's line 54 poles to the beginning, containing 210 acres, excluding 10 acres sold I. L. Martin on east side.

Tract 2. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; thence S 53 1/2 E 22 poles to a small hickory and with chestnut and sourwood pointers; thence S 59 E 76 poles to county road to corner of I. M. Todd's, J. F. Sims and J. J. Martin, with chestnut oak pointer; thence with J. J. Martin's line 54 poles to the beginning, containing 210 acres, excluding 10 acres sold I. L. Martin on east side.

Tract 2. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; thence S 53 1/2 E 22 poles to a small hickory and with chestnut and sourwood pointers; thence S 59 E 76 poles to county road to corner of I. M. Todd's, J. F. Sims and J. J. Martin, with chestnut oak pointer; thence with J. J. Martin's line 54 poles to the beginning, containing 210 acres, excluding 10 acres sold I. L. Martin on east side.

Tract 3. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; thence S 53 1/2 E 22 poles to a small hickory and with chestnut and sourwood pointers; thence S 59 E 76 poles to county road to corner of I. M. Todd's, J. F. Sims and J. J. Martin, with chestnut oak pointer; thence with J. J. Martin's line 54 poles to the beginning, containing 210 acres, excluding 10 acres sold I. L. Martin on east side.

Tract 4. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; thence S 53 1/2 E 22 poles to a small hickory and with chestnut and sourwood pointers; thence S 59 E 76 poles to county road to corner of I. M. Todd's, J. F. Sims and J. J. Martin, with chestnut oak pointer; thence with J. J. Martin's line 54 poles to the beginning, containing 210 acres, excluding 10 acres sold I. L. Martin on east side.

Tract 5. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; thence S 53 1/2 E 22 poles to a small hickory and with chestnut and sourwood pointers; thence S 59 E 76 poles to county road to corner of I. M. Todd's, J. F. Sims and J. J. Martin, with chestnut oak pointer; thence with J. J. Martin's line 54 poles to the beginning, containing 210 acres, excluding 10 acres sold I. L. Martin on east side.

Tract 6. Beginning at a chestnut, a corner of James Lucas and Martha Adams, also a corner to the Rebecca Leece dower tract; thence N 37 1/2 E 20 poles and 8 links to a stone; then to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large beech; then to a beech near a branch; thence N 4 W 16 poles to 5 maples; thence S 38 W 32 poles to a stone in the old Shelton line; thence N 86 1/2 W 98 poles to a lynn and white oak, now gone; then N 7 1/2 W 14 1/2 poles to a walnut and sugar tree near center of hollow and near branch, and on the south side with hickory pointer, about 1 pole from corner on west side; thence N 83 W 102 poles to a white oak, sugar tree and hickory; thence S 8 W 157 poles to three beeches close to and on the north side of branch; thence S 62 1/2 E 41 1/4-10 poles to a beech, now a stone corner, in J. W. Todd's line; thence N 43 1/2 E 16 1/4-10 poles to a small beech and stone on the west side of a small branch; thence S 84 E 156 poles to stone south of a large